

COO-VAR®

Paints, Primers and Specialist Coatings

SAFETY DATA SHEET

205/P101 - 2 PACK ANTI-GRAFFITI COATING - HARDENER

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name 205/P101 - 2 PACK ANTI-GRAFFITI COATING - HARDENER

Product number 205/P101/1 - HARDENER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses HARDENER FOR TWO COMPONENT ANTI-GRAFFITI COATING

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

COO-VAR
Lockwood Street
Hull
HU2 0HN
+44 (0) 1482 328053(T)
+44 (0) 1482 219266(F)
info@coo-var.co.uk

Contact person Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1482 328053 (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)

SDS No. 10751

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R20. Xi;R37. R43. R10.

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word

Warning

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Hazard statements	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	P102 Keep out of reach of children. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Contains	HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANATE HOMOPOLYMER, Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene), HEXAMETHYLENE-DI-ISOCYANATE
Supplementary precautionary statements	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

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HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANATE HOMOPOLYMER		60-100%
CAS number: 28182-81-2		
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	Xn;R20. Xi;R37. R43.	
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE		10-30%
CAS number: 108-65-6	EC number: 203-603-9	REACH registration number: 01-2119475791-29-xxxx
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	R10	
Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene)		10-30%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	REACH registration number: 01-2119488216-32-0000
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	R10 Xn;R20/21 Xi;R38	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
STOT RE 2 - H373		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
HEXAMETHYLENE-DI-ISOCYANATE		<1%
CAS number: 822-06-0	EC number: 212-485-8	REACH registration number: 01-2119457571-37-0000
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	T;R23 R42/43 Xi;R36/37/38	
Acute Tox. 1 - H330		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
Resp. Sens. 1 - H334		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
STOT SE 3 - H335		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

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Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Discoloration of the skin.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard. This product is toxic.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
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6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Once evaporation is complete, place paper in a suitable waste disposal container and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours may accumulate on the floor and in low-lying areas. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Eliminate all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Earth container and transfer equipment to eliminate sparks from static electricity. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
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SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANATE HOMOPOLYMER

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.02 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 0.07 mg/m³
as NCO

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 274 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 548 mg/m³
Sk

Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³
Sk

HEXAMETHYLENE-DI-ISOCYANATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0,02 mg/m³

Sen

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 0,07 mg/m³
as NCO

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma.

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

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2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 108-65-6)

DNEL	Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 33 mg/m ³
	Professional - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 275 mg/m ³
	Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.67 mg/kg/day
	Professional - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 153.5 mg/kg/day
	Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 54.8 mg/kg/day

PNEC	- Sediment; 3.29 mg/kg
	- Soil; 0.29 mg/kg
	- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.329 mg/kg
	- Marine water; 0.0635 mg/l
	- Intermittent release; 6.35 mg/l
	- Fresh water; 0.635 mg/l
- STP; 100 mg/l	

Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene) (CAS: 1330-20-7)

DNEL	Consumer - Inhalation; Short term : 260 mg/m ³
	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 3182 mg/kg/day
	Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 442 mg/m ³
	Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1872 mg/kg/day
	Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 12.5 mg/kg/day
	Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 65.3 mg/m ³
Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 221 mg/m ³	

PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l
	- Marine water; 0.327 mg/l
	- Intermittent release; 0.327 mg/l
	- STP; 6.58 mg/l
	- Sediment (Freshwater); 12.46 mg/kg
	- Sediment (Marinewater); 12.46 mg/kg
- Soil; 2.31 mg/kg	

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.

Personal protection

Unprotected persons should be kept away from treated areas.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

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Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid
Colour	Yellowish
Odour	Characteristic. Organic solvents.
Initial boiling point and range	145°C @ 760 mm Hg
Flash point	38 approx.°C CC (Closed cup).
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Xylene = 1% - 1-methoxypropylacetate-2= 1.5%
Vapour pressure	Xylene ca. 7-9 @ 20 C, Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate 0.014 @ 25 C, Resin <0.001@ 20 C (Vapour pressure balance/OECD No. 104 mbar @ °C
Relative density	1.06 - 1.08 @ @ 20 °C
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water Hardens in contact with water.
Auto-ignition temperature	460 C DIN 51794°C
Viscosity	ca. 225 mPa.s @ 23 C DIN EN ISO 3219/A.3 - ca. 59 s 4mm flow cup to DIN 53211 @ °C

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

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Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Oxidising materials. Acids - oxidising.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological effects	No indication of mutagenic effects. Aromatic hydrocarbons, such as xylene, irritate the skin and mucous membranes and are narcotic if inhaled in high concentrations.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	8,800.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Harmful if inhaled.
ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	4,573.38
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	22.41
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	1.02
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Irritation of eyes is assumed.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	

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Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: High concentrations may cause severe lung damage.
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Discoloration of the skin.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Acute and chronic health hazards	Over exposure, especially during spraying without the necessary precautions, entails risk of concentration- dependant irritating effects on eyes, nose, throat and respiratory tract. Delayed appearance of the complaints and development of hypersensitivity (difficulty breathing, coughing, asthma) are possible. Hypersensitive persons may suffer from these effects even at low isocyanate concentrations below UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WEL). Prolonged contact with skin may have tanning and irritating effects.
Route of entry	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.
Toxicological information	

HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANATE HOMOPOLYMER

<u>Acute toxicity - oral</u>	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,100.0

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Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,100.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ dust/mist mg/l) 0.554

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) 1.5

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Slightly irritating.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ 8,532.0 mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 8,532.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 5,000.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 35.7

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 35.7

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Not irritating.

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Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Ames test: Negative.

Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene)

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 3,523.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,523.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 12,126.0

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV) 6,700.0

Species Rat

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 27.0

Species Rat

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ dust/mist mg/l) 1.5

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 6,700.0

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 27.0

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) 1.5

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Severely irritating to skin. Irritation of eyes is assumed. No testing is needed.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Carcinogenicity

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Carcinogenicity	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm ² /s.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation.
Ingestion	Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin.
Target organs	Central nervous system Liver

HEXAMETHYLENE-DI-ISOCYANATE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 746.0

Species Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 7,000.0

Species Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Corrosive

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Guinea pig: There is evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Ames test: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Fertility: - Dose level: 0 - 0.005 - 0.050 - 0.300 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

Reproductive toxicity - development Teratogenicity: - Dose level:: 0 - 0.005 - 0.050 - 0.300 ppm, Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Respiratory irritant effects that impair function with symptoms such as cough, pain, choking, and breathing difficulties.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Inhalation May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

Skin contact May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Acute and chronic health hazards The product contains small quantities of isocyanate. May cause respiratory allergy. May cause respiratory system irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene)

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: LC(0) =8.8. LC(100)=25.0 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 100-1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANATE HOMOPOLYMER

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, > 96 hours: 100 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, > 48 hours: 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC₅₀, > 72 hours: 100 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

Acute toxicity - microorganisms EC₅₀, > 3 hours: 100 mg/l, Activated sludge

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, > 96 hours: 100 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, > 48 hours: 500 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

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Acute toxicity - microorganisms EC20, > 30 minutes: 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene)

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2.6 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.62 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC₅₀, 72 hours: 3.2 mg/l, Fish

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANATE HOMOPOLYMER

Persistence and degradability The product is not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation Degradation (%)
- 1%: 28 days

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Biodegradation - 100 Degradation (%): 8 days
Inherently biodegradable

Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene)

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene)

Partition coefficient log Kow: 3.12 - 3.2

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Volatile liquid. The product contains organic solvents which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Xylene isomer mixture(with up to 20% Ethylbenzene)

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

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13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Vapour from residual product may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. Do not cut or weld used containers unless they have been thoroughly cleaned internally.
Waste class	When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 (plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Neutralised empty packages, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02(plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging)

SECTION 14: Transport information

General	This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR and IMDG.
<u>14.1. UN number</u>	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1866
UN No. (IMDG)	1866
UN No. (ICAO)	1866
<u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u>	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE
Proper shipping name (ADN)	RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE
<u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u>	
ADR/RID class	1866
<u>14.4. Packing group</u>	
<u>14.5. Environmental hazards</u>	
Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant	
No.	

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14.6. Special precautions for user

Hazard Identification Number 31C
(ADR/RID)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4 - H332: STOT SE 3 - H335: Skin Sens. 1 - H317: : Calculation method. Flam. Liq. 3 - H226: : Expert judgement.
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.
Revision comments	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 Additional toxicology and eco-toxicology data added.
Revision date	02/03/2017
Revision	7
Supersedes date	26/01/2015
SDS number	10751
Risk phrases in full	R10 Flammable. R11 Highly flammable R20 Harmful by inhalation. R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R23 Toxic by inhalation. R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R37 Irritating to respiratory system. R42/43 May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact. R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

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Hazard statements in full	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs (Respiratory system, lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. EUH208 Contains HEXAMETHYLENE-DI-ISOCYANATE. May produce an allergic reaction.
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This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.